# **TCEQ Interoffice Memorandum**

**To:** Tony Walker

Director, TCEQ Region 4, Dallas/Fort Worth

Alyssa Taylor

Air Section Manager, TCEQ Region 4, Dallas/Fort Worth

From: Shannon Ethridge, M.S. S.E.

Toxicology Division, Chief Engineer's Office

**Date:** June 16, 2011

**Subject:** Toxicological Evaluation of Results from an Ambient Air Sample for Volatile

Organic Compounds Collected at Latitude 33.22032, Longitude -97.16211, Downwind of the Range Production - Rayzor Unit in Denton, Denton County,

Texas

Sample Collected on March 24, 2011, ACL 110398 (Lab Sample 110398-0001)

# **Key Points**

• Reported concentrations of target volatile organic compounds (VOCs) were either not detected or were detected below levels of short-term health and/or welfare concern.

# **Background**

On March 24, 2011, a Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) Region 4 Air Investigator collected a 30-minute canister sample (Lab Sample 110398-0001) downwind of the Range Production - Rayzor Unit in Denton, Denton County, Texas (Latitude 33.22032, Longitude -97.16211). The sample was collected in response to a citizen complaint of a very strong chemical odor. The investigator reported a light, intermittent odor of brinish water during the sampling event. Meteorological conditions measured at the site or nearest stationary ambient air monitoring site indicated that the ambient temperature was 67.5°F with a relative humidity of 32.4%, and winds were from the northeast (40°) at 1.8 miles per hour. The sampling site was less than 100 feet from the possible source and/or the facility. The nearest location where the public could have access was approximately 300 to 500 feet from the possible source and/or the facility. The sample was sent to the TCEQ laboratory in Austin, Texas, and analyzed for a range of VOCs. The list of the target analytes that were evaluated in this review are provided in Attachment A. The VOC concentrations were reported in parts per billion by volume (ppb<sub>v</sub>) (Attachment B and Table 1). Please note that the available canister technology and analysis method can not capture and/or analyze for all chemicals.

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#### **Results and Evaluation**

Reported VOC concentrations were compared to TCEQ's short-term health- and/or welfare-based air monitoring comparison values (AMCVs) (Table 1). Short-term AMCVs are guidelines used to evaluate ambient concentrations of a chemical in air and to determine its potential to result in adverse health effects, adverse vegetative effects, or odors. Health AMCVs are set to provide a margin of safety and are set well below levels at which adverse health effects are reported to occur in the scientific literature. If a chemical concentration in ambient air is less than its comparison value, no adverse health effects are expected to occur. If a chemical concentration exceeds its comparison value it does not necessarily mean that adverse effects will occur, but rather that further evaluation is warranted.

All of the 84 VOCs were either not detected or were detected below their respective short-term AMCVs. Exposure to levels of VOCs measured in this sample would not be expected to cause short-term adverse health effects, adverse vegetative effects, or odors.

Please call me at (512) 239-1822 if you have any questions regarding this evaluation.

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#### Attachment A

## **List of Target Analytes for Canister Samples**

ethane ethylene acetylene propane propylene dichlorodifluoromethane methyl chloride isobutane vinyl chloride 1-butene 1.3-butadiene n-butane t-2-butene bromomethane c-2-butene 3-methyl-1-butene

isopentane

trichlorofluoromethane

1-pentene n-pentane isoprene t-2-pentene

1,1-dichloroethylene

c-2-pentene

methylene chloride 2-methyl-2-butene 2,2-dimethylbutane cyclopentene

4-methyl-1-pentene 1.1-dichloroethane cyclopentane 2,3-dimethylbutane 2-methylpentane 3-methylpentane

2-methyl-1-pentene + 1-hexene

n-hexane chloroform t-2-hexene c-2-hexene

1,2-dichloroethane methylcyclopentane 2,4-dimethylpentane 1,1,1-trichloroethane

benzene

carbon tetrachloride

cyclohexane 2-methylhexane 2,3-dimethylpentane 3-methylhexane 1,2-dichloropropane trichloroethylene 2,2,4-trimethylpentane

2-chloropentane

n-heptane

c-1,3-dichloropropylene methylcyclohexane

t-1,3-dichloropropylene 1.1.2-trichloroethane 2,3,4-trimethylpentane toluene

2-methylheptane 3-methylheptane 1.2-dibromoethane

n-octane

tetrachloroethylene chlorobenzene ethylbenzene m & p-xylene styrene

1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane

o-xylene n-nonane

isopropylbenzene n-propylbenzene m-ethyltoluene p-ethyltoluene

1,3,5-trimethylbenzene

o-ethyltoluene

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene

n-decane

1,2,3-trimethylbenzene m-diethylbenzene p-diethylbenzene n-undecane

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#### Attachment B

4/12/2011

#### Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

Laboratory and Quality Assurance Section P.O. Box 13087, MC-165 Austin, Texas 78711-3087 (512) 239-1716

#### Laboratory Analysis Results ACL Number: 110398

ACL Lead: Karen Bachtel

Region: T04

Date Received: 3/30/2011

Project(s): Barnett Shale

Facility(ies) Sampled	City	County	Facility Type
Range Resources Corporation	Denton	Denton	

#### Laboratory Procedure(s) Performed:

Analysis: AMOR006

Determination of VOC Canisters by GC/MS Using Modified Method TO-15

Prior to analysis, subatmospheric samples are pressurized to twice the collected volume using a sample dilution system. For analysis, a known volume of a sample is directed from the canister into a multitrap cryogenic concentrator. Internal standards are added to the sample stream prior to the trap. The concentrated sample is thermally desorbed and carried onto a GC column for separation. The analytical strategy involves using a GC with dual columns that are coupled to a mass selective detector (MSD) and a flame ionization detector (FID). Mass spectra for individual peaks in the total ion chromatogram are then used for target compound identification and quantitation. The fragmentation pattern is compared with stored spectra taken under similar conditions in order to identify the compound. For any given compound, the intensity of the quantitation fragment is compared with the system response to the fragment for known amounts of the compound. This establishes the compound concentration in the sample. For non-target compound peaks which are at least one-half the height of the internal standard, a library search is performed in an attempt to identify the compound solely upon fracture patterns. These tentatively identified compounds (TIC's) are reported as a sample specific footnote. Accurate quantitation of TICs is not possible. The FID is used for the quantitation of ethane, ethylene, acetylene, propylene and propane and identification is based on matching retention times of standards containing known analytes.

#### Sample(s) Received

Field ID Number: 20456

Laboratory Sample Number: 110398-0001

Sampled by: Jessica Mock

Sampling Site: Rayzor Facility

Date & Time Sampled: 03/24/11 11:17:00 Valid Sample: Yes

Comments:

Canister 20456 was used to collect a 30-minute sample using CO-28.

Please note that this analytical technique is not capable of measuring all compounds which might have adverse health effects. For questions on the analytical procedures please contact the laboratory manager at (512) 239-4894. For an update on the health effects evaluation of these data, please contact the Toxicology Division at (512) 239-1795.

Analyst:

Reviewed By:

David Manis

Technical Specialist:

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

## Laboratory Analysis Results

ACL Number: 110398 Analysis Code: AMOR006

Note: Results are reported in units of pa		ume (ppbv)					
Lab ID			398-0001				
Field ID							
		20456					
Canister ID		<u> </u>	20456				
Analysis Date	100		4/01/11	T 71 44		T one	71 44
Compound	LOD	Concentration	SDL	Flags**	Concentration	SDL	Flags**
ethane	0.50	190	1.0	D1,T			
ethylene	0.50	1.3	1.0	L,D1,T	*****		
acetylene	0.50	0.62	1.0	J,D1,T		-	
propané	0.50	51	1.0	D1,T		-	
propylene	0.50	0.72	1.0	J,DI,T			
dichlorodifluoromethane	0.20	0.63	0.40	. LD1		-	
methyl chloride	0.20	0.72	0.40	L,D1		-	
sobutane	0.23	12	0.46	D1			-
vinyl chloride	0.17	ND	0.34	DI			
1-butene	0.20	0.38	0.40	J,D1		_	
1,3-butadienė	0.27	ND	0.54	D1			
n-butane	0.20	15	0.40	Dl			
-2-butene	0.18	ND	0.36	D1			
bromomethane	0.27	ND	0.54	D1			
:-2-butene	0.27	ND	0.54	DI			
3-methyl-1-butene	0.23	ND ·	0.46	Di			
sopentane	0.27	4.7	0.54	DI			
richiorofluoromethane	0.29	0.29	0.58	J,D1			
-pentene -	0.27	ND	0.54	D1			
-pentane	0.27	3.8	0.54	D1			
soprene	0.27	¹ ND	0.54	D1			
-2-pentene	0.27	ND	0.54	D1			
,1-dichloroethylene	0.18	ND	0.36	D1			
2-2-pentene	0.25	ND	0.50	Dl			
nethylene chloride	0.14	0.16	0.28	J,D1			
2-methyl-2-butene	, 0.23	ND	0.46	D1 -			
2,2-dimethylbutane	0.21	0.19	0.42	J,D1			
cyclopentene	0.20	ND .	0.40	D1			
i-methyl-1-pentene	0.22	ND	0.44	DI			
,1-dichloroethane	0.19	ND	0.38	DI			
cyclopentane	0.27	ND	0.54	D1			
2,3-dimethylbutane	0.28	0.15	0.56	J,D1			
2-methylpentane	0.27	1.4	0.54	D1			
-methylpentane	0.23	0.99	0.46	L,D1			
-methyl-1-pentene + 1-hexene	0.20	0.06	0.40	J,D1			
i-hexane	0.20	2.3	0.40	D1			
hieroform	0.21	ND	0.42	D1			
-2-hexene	0.27	ND	0.54	D1			
-2-hexene	0.27	. ND	0.54	D1			
,2-dichloroethane	0.27	ND .	0.54	DI .			-
nethyloyolopentane	0.27	0.32	0.54	J,D1			
4-dimethylpentane	0.27	ND	0.54	Dl			
,1,1-trichloroethane	0.26	ND	0.52	Dì			
enzene	0.27	0.49	0.54	J,D1			
arbon tetrachloride	0.27	0.08	0.54	J,D1			
yclohexane	0.24	0.81	0.48	L,DI			
-methylhexane	0.27	0.81	0.54	L <sub>D1</sub>			
,3-dimethylpentane	0.26	0.13	0.52	J,D1			

# Laboratory Analysis Results

ACL Number: 110398 Analysis Code: AMOR006

Lab ID		110398-0001					
Compound	LOD	Concentration	SDL	Fiags**	Concentration	SDL	Flags**
3-methylhexane	0.20	0.66	0.40	L,DI			
1,2-dichloropropane	0.17	ND	0.34	D1			
trichloroethylene	0.29	ND	0.58	D1			
2,2,4-trimethylpentane	0.24	ND	0.48	DI			
2-chloropentane	0.27	ND	0.54	D1			
n-heptane	0.25	1.2	0.50	L,D1			
c-1,3-dichloropropylene	0.20	ND	0.40	D1			
methylcyclohexane	0.26	1.0	0.52	L,D1			
t-1,3-dichloropropylene	0.20	ND	0.40	. D1			
1,1,2-trichloroethane	0.21	ND	0.42	Dl			
2,3,4-trimethylpentane	0.24	ND	0.48	D1			
toluene	0.27	0.51	0.54	J,D1			
2-methyliheptane	0.20	0.39	0.40	J,D1			
3-methylheptane	0.23	0.26	0.46	J,D1			
,2-dibromoethane	0.20	ND	0.40	DI			
1-octane	0.19	0.52	0.38	L,D1			
etrachloroethylene	- 0.24	0.22	0.48	J,D1			
chlorobenzene	0.27	ND	0.54	D1			
sthylbenzene	0.27	0.05	0.54	J,DI			
n & p-xylene	0.27	0.29	0.54	J,DI	_		
ityrene	0.27	ND	0.54	D1			
1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane	0.20	ND	0.40	. D1			
o-xylene	0.27	ND	0.54	D1			
n-nonane	0.22	0.25	0.44	J,D1			
sopropylbenzene	0.24	ND	0.48	DI			
o-propylbenzene	0.27	ND	0.54	DI :			
n-ethyltoluene	0.11	ND ·	0.22	D1			
o-ethyltoluene	0.16	ND	0.32	DI			
,3,5-trimethylbenzene	0.25	0.01	0.50	J,D1			
-ethyltoluene	0.13	ND	0.26	D1			
,2,4-trimethylbenzene	0.27	ND	0.54	D1	.,		
i-decane	0.27	ND	0.54	D1			
,2,3-trimethylbenzene	0.27	ND	0.54	D1			
n-diethylbenzene	0.27	ND	0.54	D1			
-diethylbenzene	. 0.27	ND	0.54	D1			
-undecane	0.27	ND	0.54	D1			

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### Laboratory Analysis Results ACL Number: 110398 Analysis Code: AMOR006

### Quality Control Notes:

D1-sample concentration was calculated using a dilution factor of 4.02.

TCEQ laboratory customer support may be reached at kbachtel@tceq.state.tx.us

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Table 1. Comparison of Monitored Concentrations in Lab Sample 110398-0001 to TCEQ Short-Term AMCVs

Lab Sample ID	110398-0001					
Compound	Odor AMCV (ppb <sub>v</sub> )	Short-Term Health AMCV (ppb <sub>v</sub> )	LOD (ppb <sub>v</sub> )	Concentrations (ppb <sub>v</sub> )	Flags	SDL (ppb <sub>v</sub> )
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	380,000	1,700	0.26	ND	D1	0.52
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	7,300	10	0.2	ND	D1	0.4
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	Not Available	100	0.21	ND	D1	0.42
1,1-Dichloroethane	110,000	1,000	0.19	ND	D1	0.38
1,1-Dichloroethylene	Not Available	180	0.18	ND	D1	0.36
1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene	Not Available	250	0.27	ND	D1	0.54
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Not Available	250	0.27	ND	D1	0.54
1,2-Dibromoethane	10,000	0.5	0.2	ND	D1	0.4
1,2-Dichloroethane	6,000	40	0.27	ND	D1	0.54
1,2-Dichloropropane	250	100	0.17	ND	D1	0.34
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	Not Available	250	0.25	0.01	J,D1	0.5
1,3-Butadiene	230	1,700	0.27	ND	D1	0.54
1-Butene	360	50,000	0.2	0.38	J,D1	0.4
1-Pentene	100	2,600	0.27	ND	D1	0.54
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	Not Available	750	0.24	ND	D1	0.48
2,2-Dimethylbutane (Neohexane)	Not Available	1,000	0.21	0.19	J,D1	0.42
2,3,4-Trimethylpentane	Not Available	750	0.24	ND	D1	0.48
2,3-Dimethylbutane	Not Available	990	0.28	0.15	J,D1	0.56
2,3-Dimethylpentane	Not Available	850	0.26	0.13	J,D1	0.52
2,4-Dimethylpentane	290,000	850	0.27	ND	D1	0.54
2-Chloropentane (as chloroethane)	Not Available	190	0.27	ND	D1	0.54
2-Methyl-1-Pentene +1-Hexene	20	500	0.2	0.06	J,D1	0.4
2-Methyl-2-Butene	250	500	0.23	ND	D1	0.46

Lab Sample ID	110398-0001					
Compound	Odor AMCV (ppb <sub>v</sub> )	Short-Term Health AMCV (ppb <sub>v</sub> )	LOD (ppb <sub>v</sub> )	Concentrations (ppb <sub>v</sub> )	Flags	SDL (ppb <sub>v</sub> )
2-Methylheptane	Not Available	750	0.2	0.39	J,D1	0.4
2-Methylhexane	Not Available	750	0.27	0.81	L,D1	0.54
2-Methylpentane (Isohexane)	83	1,000	0.27	1.4	D1	0.54
3-Methyl-1-Butene	250	8,000	0.23	ND	D1	0.46
3-Methylheptane	Not Available	750	0.23	0.26	J,D1	0.46
3-Methylhexane	Not Available	750	0.2	0.66	L,D1	0.4
3-Methylpentane	Not Available	1000	0.23	0.99	L,D1	0.46
4-Methyl-1-Pentene (as hexene)	20	500	0.22	ND	D1	0.44
Acetylene	620000	25000	0.5	0.62	J,D1,T	1
Benzene	2700	180	0.27	0.49	J,D1	0.54
Bromomethane (methyl bromide)	21000	30	0.27	ND	D1	0.54
c-1,3-Dichloropropylene	Not Available	10	0.2	ND	D1	0.4
c-2-Butene	2100	15000	0.27	ND	D1	0.54
c-2-Hexene	Not Available	500	0.27	ND	D1	0.54
c-2-Pentene	Not Available	2600	0.25	ND	D1	0.5
Carbon Tetrachloride	97000	20	0.27	0.08	J,D1	0.54
Chlorobenzene (phenyl chloride)	210	100	0.27	ND	D1	0.54
Chloroform (trichloromethane)	85,000	20	0.21	ND	D1	0.42
Cyclohexane	420	1,000	0.24	0.81	L,D1	0.48
Cyclopentane	Not Available	1,200	0.27	ND	D1	0.54
Cyclopentene	Not Available	2,900	0.2	ND	D1	0.4
Dichlorodifluoromethane	Not Available	10,000	0.2	0.63	L,D1	0.4
Ethane	180,000	Simple Asphyxiant*	0.5	190	D1,T	1
Ethylbenzene	170	20,000	0.27	0.05	J,D1	0.54
Ethylene	270,000	500,000	0.5	1.3	L,D1,T	1

Lab Sample ID	110398-0001					
Compound	Odor AMCV (ppb <sub>v</sub> )	Short-Term Health AMCV (ppb <sub>v</sub> )	LOD (ppb <sub>v</sub> )	Concentrations (ppb <sub>v</sub> )	Flags	SDL (ppb <sub>v</sub> )
Isobutane	2,040	8,000	0.23	12	D1	0.46
Isopentane (2-methylbutane)	1,300	1,200	0.27	4.7	D1	0.54
Isoprene	5	20	0.27	ND	D1	0.54
Isopropylbenzene (cumene)	100	500	0.24	ND	D1	0.48
m & p-Xylene (as mixed isomers)	80	1,700	0.27	0.29	J,D1	0.54
m-Diethylbenzene	70	460	0.27	ND	D1	0.54
Methyl Chloride (chloromethane)	Not Available	500	0.2	0.72	L,D1	0.4
Methylcyclohexane	150	4,000	0.26	1	L,D1	0.52
Methylcyclopentane	1,700	750	0.27	0.32	J,D1	0.54
Methylene Chloride (dichloromethane)	160,000	3,500	0.14	0.16	J,D1	0.28
m-Ethyltoluene	18	250	0.11	ND	D1	0.22
n-Butane	1,200,000	8,000	0.2	15	D1	0.4
n-Decane	620	1,750	0.27	ND	D1	0.54
n-Heptane	670	850	0.25	1.2	L,D1	0.5
n-Hexane	1,500	1,800	0.2	2.3	D1	0.4
n-Nonane	2,200	2,000	0.22	0.25	J,D1	0.44
n-Octane	1,700	750	0.19	0.52	L,D1	0.38
n-Pentane	1,400	1,200	0.27	3.8	D1	0.54
n-Propylbenzene	3.8	250	0.27	ND	D1	0.54
n-Undecane	Not Available	550	0.27	ND	D1	0.54
o-Ethyltoluene	Not Available	250	0.13	ND	D1	0.26
o-Xylene	380	1,700	0.27	ND	D1	0.54
p-Diethylbenzene	0.39	460	0.27	ND	D1	0.54
p-Ethyltoluene	8.3	250	0.16	ND	D1	0.32
Propane	1,500,000	Simple Asphyxiant*	0.5	51	D1,T	1

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Lab Sample ID	110398-0001					
Compound	Odor AMCV (ppb <sub>v</sub> )	Short-Term Health AMCV (ppb <sub>v</sub> )	LOD (ppb <sub>v</sub> )	Concentrations (ppb <sub>v</sub> )	Flags	SDL (ppb <sub>v</sub> )
Propylene	13,000	Simple Asphyxiant*	0.5	0.72	J,D1,T	1
Styrene	25	5,100	0.27	ND	D1	0.54
t-1,3-Dichloropropylene	Not Available	10	0.2	ND	D1	0.4
t-2-Butene	2,100	15,000	0.18	ND	D1	0.36
t-2-Hexene	Not Available	500	0.27	ND	D1	0.54
t-2-Pentene	Not Available	2,600	0.27	ND	D1	0.54
Tetrachloroethylene	770	1,000	0.24	0.22	J,D1	0.48
Toluene	170	4,000	0.27	0.51	J,D1	0.54
Trichloroethylene	3,900	100	0.29	ND	D1	0.58
Trichlorofluoromethane	5,000	10,000	0.29	0.29	J,D1	0.58
Vinyl Chloride	Not Available	26,000	0.17	ND	D1	0.34

<sup>\*</sup>A simple asphyxiant displaces air, lowering the partial pressure of oxygen and causing hypoxia at sufficiently high concentrations. ppbv - Parts per billion by volume.

ND - Not detected.

NQ - Concentration can not be quantified.

LOD - Limit of detection.

SDL - Sample Detection Limit (LOD adjusted for dilutions).

INV - Invalid.

- J Reported concentration is below SDL.
- L Reported concentration is at or above the SDL and is below the lower limit of quantitation.
- E Reported concentration exceeds the upper limit of instrument calibration.
- M Result modified from previous result.
- T Data was not confirmed by a confirmational analysis. Data is tentatively identified.
- D1 Sample concentration was calculated using a dilution factor of 4.02.

Table 2. TCEQ Long-Term Air Monitoring Comparison Values (AMCVs)

Please Note: The long-term AMCVs are provided for informational purposes only because it is scientifically inappropriate to compare short-term monitored values to the long-term AMCV.

compare short-term monitored value	Long-Term Health				
Compound	Long-Term Health AMCV (ppb <sub>v</sub> )	Compound	Long-Term Health AMCV (ppb <sub>v</sub> )		
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	940	Cyclopentane	120		
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	1	Cyclopentene	290		
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	10	Dichlorodifluoromethane	1,000		
1,1-Dichloroethane	100	Ethane	Simple Asphyxiant*		
1,1-Dichloroethylene	86	Ethylbenzene	450		
1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene	25	Ethylene**	5,300		
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	25	Isobutane	800		
1,2-Dibromoethane	0.05	Isopentane (2-methylbutane)	120		
1,2-Dichloroethane	1	Isoprene	2		
1,2-Dichloropropane	10	Isopropylbenzene (cumene)	50		
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	25	m & p-Xylene (as mixed isomers)	140		
1,3-Butadiene	9.1	m-Diethylbenzene	46		
1-Butene	Not Available	Methyl Chloride (chloromethane)	50		
1-Pentene	Not Available	Methylcyclohexane	400		
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	75	Methylcyclopentane	75		
2,2-Dimethylbutane (Neohexane)	100	Methylene Chloride (dichloromethane)	100		
2,3,4-Trimethylpentane	75	m-Ethyltoluene	25		
2,3-Dimethylbutane	99	n-Butane	800		
2,3-Dimethylpentane	85	n-Decane	175		
2,4-Dimethylpentane	85	n-Heptane	85		
2-Chloropentane (as chloroethane)	19	n-Hexane	190		
2-Methyl-1-Pentene +1-Hexene	50	n-Nonane	200		
2-Methyl-2-Butene	50	n-Octane	75		

Compound	Long-Term Health AMCV (ppb <sub>v</sub> )	Compound	Long-Term Health AMCV (ppb <sub>v</sub> )
2-Methylheptane	75	n-Pentane	120
2-Methylhexane	75	n-Propylbenzene	25
2-Methylpentane (Isohexane)	100	n-Undecane	55
3-Methyl-1-Butene	800	o-Ethyltoluene	25
3-Methylheptane	75	o-Xylene	140
3-Methylhexane	75	p-Diethylbenzene	46
3-Methylpentane	100	p-Ethyltoluene	25
4-Methyl-1-Pentene (as hexene)	50	Propane	Simple Asphyxiant*
Acetylene	2,500	Propylene	Simple Asphyxiant*
Benzene	1.4	Styrene	110
Bromomethane (methyl bromide)	3	t-1,3-Dichloropropylene	1
c-1,3-Dichloropropylene	1	t-2-Butene	Not Available
c-2-Butene	Not Available	t-2-Hexene	50
c-2-Hexene	50	t-2-Pentene	Not Available
c-2-Pentene	Not Available	Tetrachloroethylene***	3.8
Carbon Tetrachloride	2	Toluene	1,100
Chlorobenzene (phenyl chloride)	10	Trichloroethylene	10
Chloroform (trichloromethane)	2	Trichlorofluoromethane	1,000
Cyclohexane	100	Vinyl Chloride	0.45

<sup>\*</sup>A simple asphyxiant displaces air, lowering the partial pressure of oxygen and causing hypoxia at sufficiently high concentrations.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Long-term vegetation AMCV for Ethylene is 30 ppb.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>Long-term vegetation AMCV for Tetrachloroethylene is 12 ppb.